

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 9

To improve nutrition, food safety and food security throughout the life-course, and in support of public health and sustainable development

Scope

The work under this Strategic Objective (SO) focuses on improving nutrition and health throughout the life course, especially among the poor and other vulnerable groups, and achieving sustainable development in line with the Millennium Development Goals. The SO addresses food safety (ensuring that chemical, microbiological, zoonotic and other hazards do not pose a risk to health) as well as food security (access and availability of appropriate food).

REGION-WIDE EXPECTED RESULTS

RER 9.1 Partnerships and alliances formed, leadership built and coordination and networking developed with all stakeholders at country, regional and global levels, to promote advocacy and communication, stimulate intersectoral actions, and increase investment in nutrition, food safety and food security

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.1.1	Number of countries that have coordination mechanisms to promote intersectoral approaches and actions in the area of food safety, food security and nutrition	18	22
9.1.2	Number of countries that have included nutrition, food-safety and food-security activities in their sector-wide approaches, Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers or development policies, plans and budgets, including a mechanism for financing nutrition and food-safety activities	10	15

RER 9.2 Member States supported through technical cooperation to increase their capacity to assess and respond to all forms of malnutrition, and zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases, and to promote healthy dietary practices

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.2.1	Number of countries implementing nutrition and food safety norms, and guidelines according to global and regional mandates	15	20
9.2.2	Number of new norms, standards, guidelines, tools and training materials, produced by the PASB, for prevention and management of zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases	0	1

RER 9.3 Monitoring and surveillance of needs, and assessment and evaluation of responses in the area of food security, nutrition and diet-related chronic diseases strengthened, and ability to identify suitable policy options improved

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.3.1	Number of countries that have adopted and implemented the WHO Child Growth Standards	0	10
9.3.2	Number of countries that have nationally representative surveillance data on one major form of malnutrition	12	15
9.3.3	Number of countries that produce and publish scientific evidence and information for public policy and programs on at least one of the following topics every year: 1) Nutritional deficiencies and risk factors in different population groups; 2) Social, economic and health determinants of food and nutrition insecurity; 3) Overweight and obesity in children and adolescents; and 4) Program effectiveness	11	15

RER 9.4 Member States supported through technical cooperation for the development, strengthening and implementation of nutrition plans and programs aimed at improving nutrition throughout the life-course, in stable and emergency situations

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.4.1	Number of countries that have developed national programs that implement at least 3 high-priority actions recommended in the Global Strategy for Infant and Young Child Feeding	5	12
9.4.2	Number of countries that have developed national programs that have implemented strategies for prevention and control of micronutrient malnutrition	11	16

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.4.3	Number of countries that have developed national programs that implement strategies for promotion of healthy dietary practices in order to prevent diet-related chronic diseases	11	16
9.4.4	Number of countries that have incorporated nutritional issues in their comprehensive response programs for HIV/AIDS and other epidemics	11	14
9.4.5	Number of countries that have strengthened national preparedness and response capacity for food and nutrition emergencies	11	16

RER 9.5 Zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases, and foot-and-mouth disease surveillance, prevention and control systems strengthened and food hazard monitoring programs established

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.5.1	Number of countries with established operational and intersectoral collaboration for the surveillance, prevention and control of foodborne diseases	16	22
9.5.2	Number of countries that have initiated or strengthened programs for the surveillance and control of at least one major foodborne disease	2	7
9.5.3	Number of South American countries that have achieved at least 75% of the Hemispheric Foot-and-mouth Disease Eradication Plan objectives	4/11	6/11

RER 9.6 Technical cooperation provided to National Codex Alimentarius Committees and the Codex Commission of Latin America and the Caribbean

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
9.6.1	Number of Latin American and Caribbean countries participating in relevant Codex Meetings	36/36	36/36
9.6.2	Number of countries that have built national systems for food safety and foodborne zoonoses with international links to emergency response systems	18	22

BUDGET FOR STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 9

RER	Region-wide Expected Result (RER)	Total Resources
9.1	Partnerships and alliances formed, leadership built and coordination and networking developed with all stakeholders at country, regional and global levels, to promote advocacy and communication, stimulate intersectoral actions, and increase investment in nutrition, food safety and food security	4,318,200
9.2	Member States supported through technical cooperation to increase their capacity to assess and respond to all forms of malnutrition, and zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases, and to promote healthy dietary practices	3,932,700
9.3	Monitoring and surveillance of needs, and assessment and evaluation of responses in the area of food security, nutrition and diet-related chronic diseases strengthened, and ability to identify suitable policy options improved	2,588,400
9.4	Member States supported through technical cooperation for the development, strengthening and implementation of nutrition plans and programs aimed at improving nutrition throughout the life-course, in stable and emergency situations	5,170,100
9.5	Zoonotic and non-zoonotic foodborne diseases, and foot-and-mouth disease surveillance, prevention and control systems strengthened and food hazard monitoring programs established	4,412,800
9.6	Technical cooperation provided to National Codex Alimentarius Committees and the Codex Commission of Latin America and the Caribbean	577,800
Total Cost for SO9		21,000,000

Resources breakdown

	2008-2009
Country	3,223,700
Subregional	7,092,200
Regional	10,684,100
Total	21,000,000

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 10

To improve the organization, management and delivery of health services

Scope

This Strategic Objective (SO) focuses on strengthening health services to provide equitable and quality health care for all people in the Americas, especially the neediest populations. The Regional Declaration on the New Orientations for Primary Health Care and PAHO's position paper on Renewing Primary Health Care in the Americas (CD46/13, 2005) provide the framework to strengthen the health care systems of the countries in the Americas.

REGION-WIDE EXPECTED RESULTS

RER 10.1 Member States supported through technical cooperation for equitable access to quality health care services, with special emphasis on vulnerable population groups

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
10.1.1	Number of countries that have implemented policies to increase access to basic health care services (PASB's initiatives on Primary Health Care renewal)	14	18
10.1.2	Number of countries that report progress in their quality improvement programs	11	19

RER 10.2 Member States supported through technical cooperation to strengthen the organizational and managerial capacities of service delivery institutions and networks to improve their performance

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
10.2.1	Number of countries that have applied the PAHO health services Productive Management Methodology and its supporting tools	5	14

RER 10.3 Member States supported through technical cooperation for developing mechanisms and regulatory systems to ensure collaboration and synergies between public and non-public service delivery systems

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
10.3.1	Number of countries that have adopted PAHO's policy recommendations for integrating the health care delivery network, including public and non-public providers	3	12

RER 10.4 Service delivery policies and their implementation in Member States increasingly reflect the Primary Health Care (PHC) approach

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
10.4.1	Number of countries that report progress in implementing PHC-based Health Systems according to PAHO's Position Paper and Regional Declaration on PHC	1	15

BUDGET FOR STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 10

RER	Region-wide Expected Result (RER)	Total Resources
10.1	Member States supported through technical cooperation for equitable access to quality health care services, with special emphasis on vulnerable population groups	9,143,600
10.2	Member States supported through technical cooperation to strengthen the organizational and managerial capacities of service delivery institutions and networks to improve their performance	12,633,300
10.3	Member States supported through technical cooperation for developing mechanisms and regulatory systems to ensure collaboration and synergies between public and non-public service delivery systems	4,821,600
10.4	Service delivery policies and their implementation in Member States increasingly reflect the Primary Health Care (PHC) approach	5,401,500
Total Cost for SO10		32,000,000

Resources breakdown

	2008-2009
Country	19,153,300
Subregional	2,038,100
Regional	10,808,600
Total	32,000,000

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 11

To strengthen leadership, governance and the evidence base of health systems

Scope

This strategic objective aims at improving the leadership and governance of the health sector and the capacity of the national health authority to exercise its steering role, which includes policy making, regulation, and performance of the essential public health functions. Paramount to the achievement of this objective is the improvement of national health systems and the production of quality data, information and knowledge for planning and decision-making.

REGION-WIDE EXPECTED RESULTS

RER 11.1 Member States supported through technical cooperation to strengthen the capacity of the national health authority to perform its steering role; improving policy analysis, formulation, regulation, strategic planning, implementation of health system changes; and enhancing intersectoral and inter-institutional coordination at the national and local levels

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
11.1.1	Number of countries that have assessed the performance of their national health systems as measured by a regionally agreed and validated tool	0	5
11.1.2	Number of countries that show improvement in the performance of the steering role as measured by the assessment of Essential Public Health Functions	N/A	8
11.1.3	Number of countries with regulatory institutions that produce legal frameworks and regulations	4	8
11.1.4	Number of countries that have developed resourced medium or long-term sectoral plans or defined national health objectives	3	5

RER 11.2 Member States supported through technical cooperation for improving health information systems at regional and national levels

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
11.2.1	Number of countries that have implemented the monitoring and performance evaluation process of the health information systems based on the standards of WHO/PAHO and the Health Metrics Network	3	7
11.2.2	Number of countries that have resourced plans to strengthen vital and health statistics, including the production of information and the use of the Family of International Classifications (FIC) in accordance with international standards established by PAHO/WHO and the Health Metrics Network	3	8
11.2.3	Number of countries that have implemented the Regional Core Health Data Initiative and that periodically produce and publish the basic health indicators at sub-national levels (first or second administrative levels)	18	22

RER 11.3 Member States supported through technical cooperation to increase equitable access to, and dissemination and utilization of, health-relevant information, knowledge and scientific evidence for decision-making

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
11.3.1	Number of countries that use the standardized basic health indicators and other available statistical information	5/33	8/33
11.3.2	Number of countries that have improved their analysis capacities for generating information and knowledge in health measured by periodic updates of the country profiles	5/33	7/33
11.3.3	Number of countries that participate in Evidence Information Policy Network (EVIPNet)	8	12
11.3.4	Number of countries with a public health sector strategy for updating protocols, procedures and processes of technical programs with the latest evidence	8	15
11.3.5	Number of countries that have access to essential scientific information and knowledge as measured by access to Virtual Health Libraries (VHL) at national and regional levels	10	15

RER 11.4 Member States supported through technical cooperation for facilitating the generation and transfer of knowledge in priority areas, including public health and health systems research, and ensuring that the products meet WHO ethical standards

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
11.4.1	Number of countries that show improvement in the cluster indicator for Essential Public Health Function #10 (public health research)	0	5
11.4.2	Number of LAC countries with national commissions aimed at monitoring compliance with ethical standards in scientific research	14/36	20/36

BUDGET FOR STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 11

RER	Region-wide Expected Result (RER)	Total Resources
11.1	Member States supported through technical cooperation to strengthen the capacity of the national health authority to perform its steering role; improving policy analysis, formulation, regulation, strategic planning, implementation of health system changes; and enhancing intersectoral and inter-institutional coordination at the national and local levels	6,419,600
11.2	Member States supported through technical cooperation for improving health information systems at regional and national levels	15,274,700
11.3	Member States supported through technical cooperation to increase equitable access to, and dissemination and utilization of, health-relevant information, knowledge and scientific evidence for decision-making	8,727,400
11.4	Member States supported through technical cooperation for facilitating the generation and transfer of knowledge in priority areas, including public health and health systems research, and ensuring that the products meet WHO ethical standards	4,578,300
Total Cost for SO11		35,000,000

Resources breakdown

	2008-2009
Country	18,719,100
Subregional	951,900
Regional	15,329,000
Total	35,000,000

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 12

To ensure improved access, quality and use of medical products and technologies

Scope

Medical products include chemical and biological medicines, vaccines, blood and blood products, cells and tissues mostly of human origin, biotechnology products, traditional medicines and medical devices. Technologies include, among others, those for diagnostic testing, imaging, radiotherapy and laboratory testing. The work under this Strategic Objective (SO) will focus on more equitable access (as measured by availability, price and affordability) to essential medical products and technologies of assured quality, safety, efficacy and cost-effectiveness, and on their sound and cost-effective use.

REGION-WIDE EXPECTED RESULTS

RER 12.1 Member States supported through technical cooperation for the development and monitoring of comprehensive national policies on access, quality and rational use of essential public health supplies (including medicines, vaccines, herbal medicines, blood products, diagnosis services, medical devices and health technologies)

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
12.1.1	Number of countries that have developed or implemented policies and regulations for essential medical products and technologies	15/36	23/36
12.1.2	Number of countries that have designed or strengthened comprehensive national procurement and supply systems	20/36	21/36
12.1.3	Number of countries with 100% voluntary non-remunerated blood donations	5	8
12.1.4	Number of countries that have increased access to essential public health supplies (medicines, blood products, vaccines and technologies)	11	20

RER 12.2 Member States supported through technical cooperation to implement international norms, standards and guidelines for the quality, safety, efficacy and cost-effectiveness of essential public health supplies

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
12.2.1	Number of countries with integrated capacity for regulation of essential medical products and technologies, per application of WHO standard assessment	2	5
12.2.2	Number of countries that have adapted and implemented international norms, standards or guidelines on quality and safety of essential health products and technologies	3	7

RER 12.3 Member States supported through technical cooperation to implement evidence-based policies to promote scientifically sound and cost-effective use of medical products and technologies by health workers and consumers

Indicator #	RER Indicator text	Baseline 2007	Target 2009
12.3.1	Number of countries promoting sound and cost effective use of medical products and technologies	11/36	16/36
12.3.2	Number of countries with a national list of essential medical products and technologies updated within the last five years and used for public procurement and/or re-imbursement	30	31

BUDGET FOR STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 12

RER	Region-wide Expected Result (RER)	Total Resources
12.1	Member States supported through technical cooperation for the development and monitoring of comprehensive national policies on access, quality and rational use of essential public health supplies (including medicines, vaccines, herbal medicines, blood products, diagnosis services, medical devices and health technologies)	8,473,000
12.2	Member States supported through technical cooperation to implement international norms, standards and guidelines for the quality, safety, efficacy and cost-effectiveness of essential public health supplies	5,657,400
12.3	Member States supported through technical cooperation to implement evidence-based policies to promote scientifically sound and cost-effective use of medical products and technologies by health workers and consumers	7,869,600
Total Cost for SO12		22,000,000

Resources breakdown

	2008-2009
Country	10,504,400
Subregional	1,644,300
Regional	9,851,300
Total	22,000,000