Peru - Lima (Ages 13-15)
Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

FACT SHEET

The Peru-Lima GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Peru-Lima could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Peru-Lima GYTS was a school-based survey of Students in Secondary 1 – 5, conducted in 2007. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Peru-Lima. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 98.6%, the student response rate was 87.8%, and the overall response rate was 86.6%. A total of 1,671 students aged 13-15 participated in the Peru-Lima GYTS.

Prevalence
45.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 44.6%, Girl = 46.1%)
19.6% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 19.9%, Girl = 18.2%)
16.5% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 16.7%, Girl = 15.2%)
3.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 3.8%, Girl = 3.1%)
26.2% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes
20.1% think boys and 17.8% think girls who smoke have more friends
9.3% think boys and 8.9% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers
5.4% usually smoke at home
74.6% buy cigarettes in a store
74.1% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)
25.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
48.9% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
88.0% think smoking should be banned from public places
58.7% think smoke from others is harmful to them
48.6% have one or more parents who smoke
16.2% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers
69.1% want to stop smoking
64.7% tried to stop smoking during the past year
55.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising
74.9% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
72.2% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
65.3% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
9.5% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
9.2% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School
52.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
46.5% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
44.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights
- 19.6% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 16.5% currently smoke cigarettes; 3.4% currently use other tobacco products.
- SHS exposure is very high – more than 1 in 4 students live in homes where others smoke; almost half are exposed to smoke in public places; nearly half the students have one or more parents who smoke.
- Almost 6 in 10 students think that smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Nearly 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Seven in 10 smokers want to stop.
- 9.5% students have an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; more than two-thirds of the students saw pro-smoking media messages in the past 30 days.

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