# CHILE

## NATIONAL PRIORITIES FOR PAHO TECHNICAL COOPERATION

- Study of health needs, expectations, and objectives.
- National Plan for Equity.
- National Program to Redesign the Social Protection Network in Health.
- Guaranteed health rights and commitments.
- Quality of health care (benefits and providers).
- National program for health services and for development of the care network.
- State policy and the National Program for Health Promotion.
- Modernization and labor relations policy.
- Modernization of public health sector management.
- Modernization of Health Sector Programming and Management.
- Development and organizational modernization of the Ministry of Health.
- Sectoral financial/budgetary administration.
- Development of information systems and health statistics.
- Development of a national policy for health research.

## PROJECTS

### MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION OF THE COUNTRY PROGRAM

**PURPOSE**

To manage the Representative Office for national health development.

**EXPECTED RESULTS**

- Lines of work and activities appropriate to the technical and administrative implementation of technical cooperation in the country developed.
- Lines of work developed for the formulation, operation, and improvement of the technical cooperation model in keeping with the needs identified by the situation analysis of the country and PAHO’s priorities and strategies.

### HEALTH SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

**PURPOSE**

To strengthen the essential public health functions and clarify the roles of the different components of the health system, strengthening primary health care within the framework of modernizing management.

**EXPECTED RESULTS**

- Policy-making and standards supported and their application evaluated in terms of the steering role and regulatory functions of the Ministry of Health, at a minimum in the areas of accrediting suppliers, investments, drugs, and health technology.
- Development of organizational models for health systems and services supported, at a minimum in the areas of coordination between levels, health care financing, and citizen participation.
- A strategic proposal for human resources implemented within the context of health sector reform, including public health training centers.
• Graduate fellowship program between the Ministry of Health and the Representative Office developed and adapted to the strategic proposal for human resources.
• Low-cost access to scientific publications and medical instruments consolidated for health workers through the Expanded Textbook Program (PALTEX).

**HEALTH PROMOTION AND PROTECTION**

**PURPOSE**
To incorporate health promotion as a key element in health reform objectives, as well as into family and general public health, mental health, and food and nutrition, promoting an approach focused on life and family cycles and gender.

**EXPECTED RESULTS**
• Participation of all actors involved in health promotion supported, with programming emphasis on family and general public health, mental health, and disability, helping to strengthen communities and action in health, develop partnerships with critical sectors, and mobilize resources.
• Implementation of health promotion policies and plans of action strengthened, using strategies such as healthy settings (schools, workplaces, and municipalities), and fostering intersectoral activities and the creation and strengthening of networks.
• Research, evaluation, and monitoring of interventions.
• Support provided for community actions geared to strengthening the health of the population and developing personal skills.
• Scientific and technical information disseminated on technical cooperation from PAHO, the Representative Office, and other actors involved in information management.

**SUPPORT FOR NATIONAL HEALTH DEVELOPMENT**

**PURPOSE**
To develop sound public policies and support for reform. To promote the sustainable development of sound public policies within a framework of equity, strengthening decentralization, intersectoral approaches, and social participation.

**EXPECTED RESULTS**
• Opportunity for dialogue and analysis of strategic aspects of sectoral reform—such as an orientation framework for sound public policy-making with an emphasis on equity and gender—maintained and expanded.
• Strategic orientations for health sector reform defined and negotiation and consensus-building initiated.
• Support provided for strengthening health legislation.

**CONTROL OF RISKS AND THREATS**

**PURPOSE**
To strengthen national and local capacity in the health sector to prevent and control risks and threats to people and the environment, contributing to the achievement of national health objectives and using public health monitoring as an instrument for policy-making.

**EXPECTED RESULTS**
• Support provided for the consolidation of national plans for the prevention, control, and eradication of communicable and noncommunicable diseases and for strengthening local implementation, with special attention to reducing the equity gap.
• Support provided for implementing epidemiological surveillance, statistical, and health information systems at the national and regional level.
• Capacity strengthened and consolidated for diagnosis, research, and analysis of the different institutions involved in health.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

PURPOSE
To improve the response capacity and influence of the health sector at the central, regional, and local levels in regard to environmental health, occupational health, and disasters, fostering decentralized and intersectoral work that involves citizen participation and makes it possible to improve equity among the population in terms of health and the environment.

EXPECTED RESULTS
• Greater capacity developed for the exercise of public health functions in environmental health, through a decentralized, intersectoral, and participatory approach that facilitates more effective and equitable management in environmental health.
• Support provided for intrasectoral and intersectoral development activities in occupational health, in terms of standards for control, surveillance, promotion, training, and information technologies at the national level.
• Support provided for the modernization of health sector disaster programs at the structural and programming levels, using a focus that is participatory, comprehensive, intersectoral, and decentralized in terms of preventing and mitigating natural and technological disasters, as well as responding to them.
• Incorporation of primary environmental care into health sector activities at each level promoted, using an intersectoral and participatory approach. Support also provided for developing intermediary agencies such as the Eco-Club Network and the Municipal Network for Primary Environmental Care, as well as for cooperation among countries.

EQUITY, GENDER, AND REFORM

PURPOSE
To incorporate the gender perspective into public health policies in the context of the reform by generating knowledge, raising awareness about this issue, making this approach an institutional mechanism, and encouraging the participation of civil society.

EXPECTED RESULTS
• Projects sent to Parliament incorporate aspects that foster the eradication of gender risks and promote standards that adequately operationalize gender criteria.
• With the collaboration of academia, the women’s health movement, and other civil society actors, a Monitoring Observatory for reform policies established, with operations based on the application of a matrix of agreed upon gender indicators, and on the issue and broad dissemination of annual reports that promote gender sensitivity. Initial activities focused on the metropolitan region, with subsequent establishment of two regional workstations.
• Official entities established for civil society that facilitate citizen participation in health, including input in decisions and evaluations affecting normal operations.
• Studies produced on priority issues that promote gender sensitivity, such as use of time, exercise of the right to health, mental health, etc.
• Efforts made to promote permanent interest in gender and equity in health in the mass media, both currently and in the longer term.
• Through joint work with Chile’s public health system (FONASA) and the Central Bank, methodologies developed that raise the profile of the household contribution—particularly that of women—to the national accounts, especially in terms of unremunerated health care delivery, with a view to adapting the model of care and the welfare system and procuring social recognition of domestic work carried out in the home.
• Through cooperation, sensitization, and feedback with decision-makers, universities, women’s organizations, and other elements of civil society involved with the gender in health program, support provided to raise public awareness about gender issues and take gender into account in health sector policies and practices. This requires that the project develop supportive advocacy mechanisms such as inputs for negotiations, and that it help to strengthen civil society as an informed advocate for health. It also requires the creation of opportunities and influence mechanisms, and monitoring of the situation.
• The experience of the project in Chile will have contributed to the development of projects in other countries of the Region, especially Peru and the Central American countries.

**RESOURCES (US$)**

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Regular budget</th>
<th>Other sources</th>
<th>All funds</th>
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<tr>
<td>Total 2002-2003</td>
<td>2,577,900</td>
<td>457,600</td>
<td>3,035,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total 2004-2005</td>
<td>2,276,900</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,276,900</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage of estimated expenditure</th>
<th>Country program support</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intersectoral action and sustainable Development</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Health information and technology</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Universal access to health</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disease control and risk management</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>-</td>
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